

1 of 2

(10 Marks)

Any revealing of identification, appeal to evaluator and /or equations written eg, 42+8 = 50, will be treated as malpractice. Important Note : 1. On completing your answers, compulsorily draw diagonal cross lines on the remaining blank pages. 2. Any revealing of identification, appeal to evaluator and /or equations written eg. 42+8 = 50, will be i

(06 Marks)

(04 Marks)

Module-3

- a. Define entropy. Prove that entropy is a property of the system.
- b. What do you understand by the entropy principle?

5

c. A lump of steel of mass 8 kg at 1000 K is dropped in 80 kg of oil at 300 K. Find out entropy change of steel, the oil and the universe. Take specific heats of steel and oil as 0.4 kJ/kg.K and 3.5 kJ/kgK respectively.

OR

- 6 a. Define the following with respect to pure substance with necessary expressions: (i) Sensible heat (ii) Latent heat (iii) Dryness fraction (iv) Enthalpy of superheated steam (v) Enthalpy of dry saturated steam (10 Marks)
 - b. Steam initially at 15 bar and 250°C expands isentropically to 1.5 bar. Determine:
 - (i) The condition of steam (ii) Change in specific enthalpy
 - (iii) Change in specific entropy (iv) Change in internal energy
 - (v) Work done, if the mass of the steam is 0.9 kg.

Module-4

- 7 a. With the help of T-S and h-s diagram, explain the working principle of vapour compression refrigeration plant. What is the effect of superheating and sub-cooling on the vapour compression refrigeration cycle? (10 Marks)
 - b. In an air refrigeration plant working on a reversed bryton cycle, air enters into the compressor at 1 bar, -15°C, where it is compressed to a pressure of 5.5 bar. Air enters the expander at 15°C. Determine: (i) COP of the cycle (ii) Mass flow rate of air into the compressor per minute for 1 ton of refrigeration. Assume both compression and expansion process are isentropic. (10 Marks)

OR

- 8 a. Describe the following terms with respect to psychrometry:

 (i) Relative humidity
 (ii) Absolute humidity
 (iii) Dry bulb temperature
 (iv) Wet bulb temperature
 (v) Specific humidity
 (10 Marks)
 - b. The dry and wet temperature of atmospheric air at 101.325 kPa pressure are measured with sling psychrometry and determined to be 25°C and 15°C respectively. Solve the following by the use of tables only: (i) Dew point temperature (ii) Specific humidity (iii) Relative humidity (iv) Enthalpy of moist air (10 Marks)

Module-5

- 9 a. Derive an expression for efficiency of diesel cycle interms of compression ratio, cut off ratio and specific heat ratio with the assumptions involved. (10 Marks)
 - b. An engine of 250 mm bore 375 mm stroke works on constant volume cycle. The clearance volume is 0.00263 m³. The initial pressure and temperature are 1 bar and 50°C. If maximum pressure is 25 bar, find: (i) Air standard efficiency (ii) Mean effective pressure (10 Marks)

OR

- 10 a. List out the methods that are employed to determine the frictional power. Explain with necessary sketches and equation about (i) Willian's line method (ii) Morse test (10 Marks)
 - b. The following data refer to the test conducted on a two stroke diesel engine run for 20 minutes at full load. MEP = 3 bar, speed = 350 rpm, Net brake load = 0.65 kN, fuel consumption = 1.52 kg, cooling water = 160 kg, water inlet temperature = 30°C, water outlet temperature = 52°C, A/F ratio = 32, room temperature = 25°C, exhaust temperature = 300°C, cylinder bore = 20 cm, stroke = 28 cm, brake drum diameter = 100 cm, calorific value of fuel = 44000 kJ/kg, steam formed per kg of fuel in the exhaust = 1.4 kg, specific heat of steam in exhaust = 2.09 kJ/kgK, specific heat of dry exhaust gas = 1 kJ/kgK. Construct the heat balance sheet on minute basis. (10 Marks)

(10 Marks)

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