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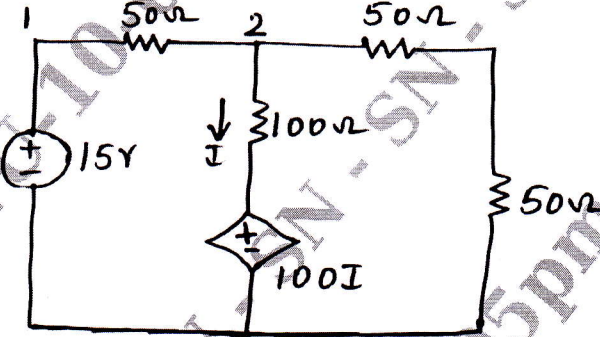
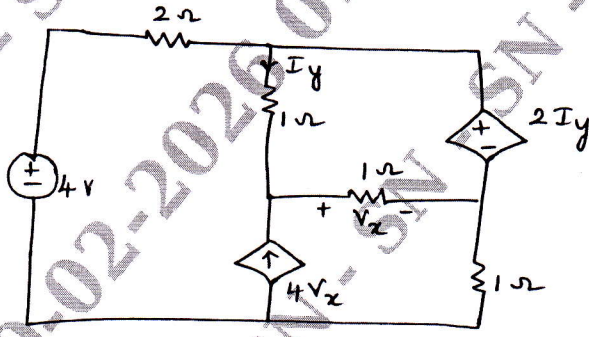
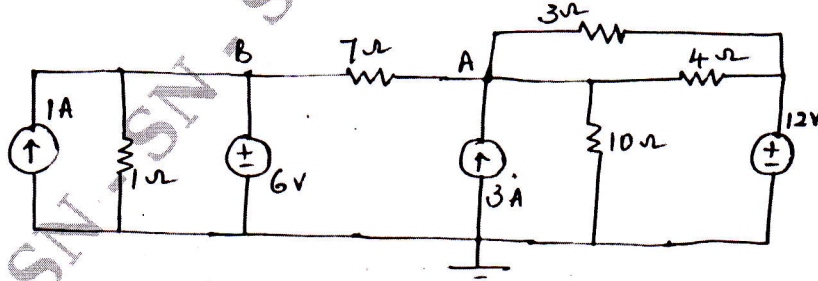
Third Semester B.E./B.Tech. Degree Examination, Dec.2025/Jan.2026

Network Analysis

Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks: 100

Note: 1. Answer any FIVE full questions, choosing ONE full question from each module.
 2. M : Marks , L: Bloom's level , C: Course outcomes.

Module – 1			M	L	C
Q.1	a.	Make use of source transformation technique, to find the voltage V_2 at node 2 in the circuit shown in Fig.Q1(a).	5	L3	CO1
 Fig.Q1(a)					
	b.	Using Mesh analysis, find the power absorbed by 2Ω resistor in the circuit shown in Fig.Q1(b).	8	L3	CO1
 Fig.Q1(b)					
	c.	Apply node analysis to find V_A for the network shown in Fig.Q1(c).	7	L3	CO1
 Fig.Q1(c)					

OR

- Q.2 a. Find the equivalent resistance, between A and B using star – delta transformation for the circuit shown in Fig.Q2(a).

7

L3

CO1

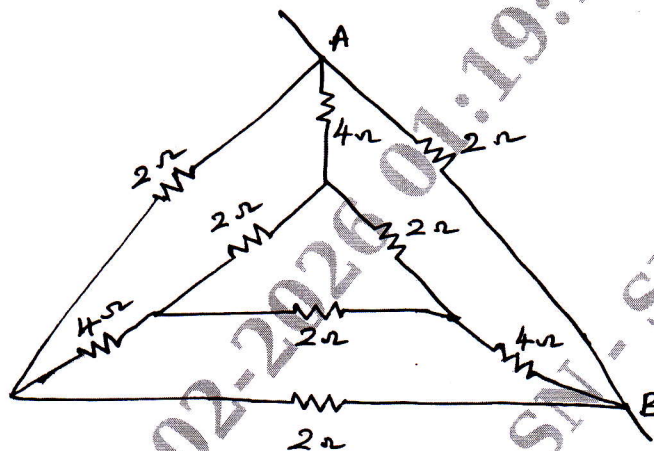


Fig.Q2(a)

- b. Reduce the network shown in Fig.Q2(b), to find the current 'I' using source shifting and source transformation.

7

L3

CO1

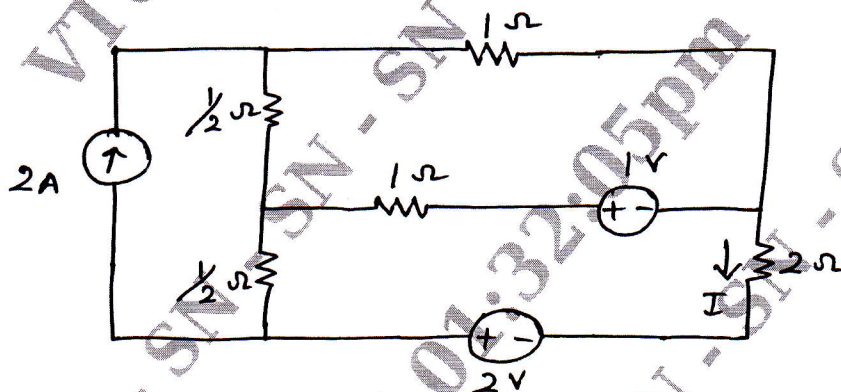


Fig.Q2(b)

- c. Find the power delivered by the dependent voltage source in the network shown in Fig.Q2(c) using Node analysis.

6

L3

CO1

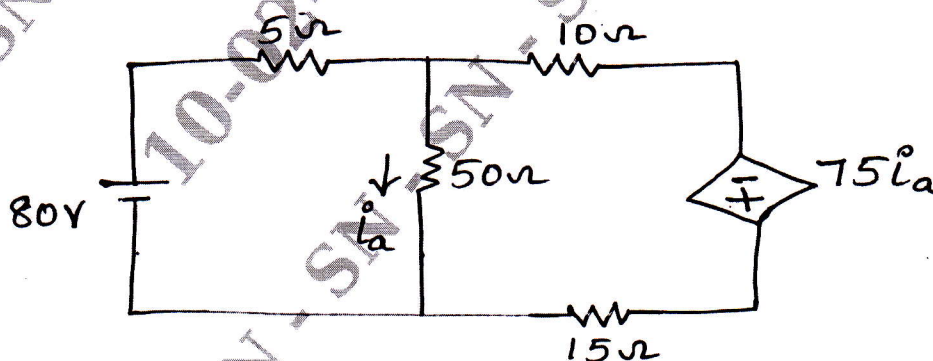
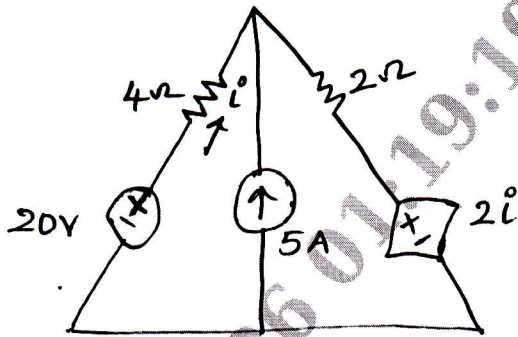
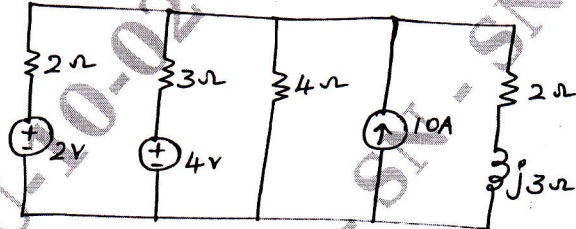
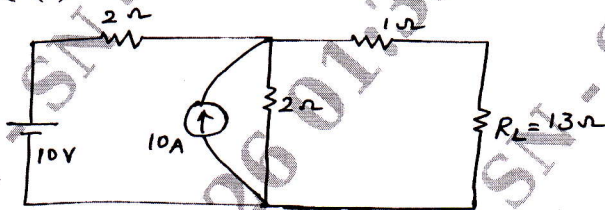
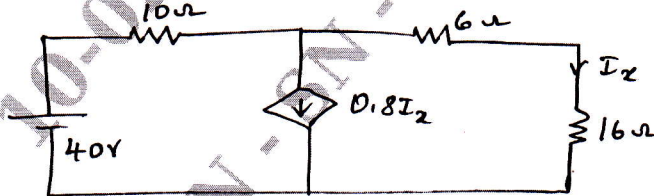
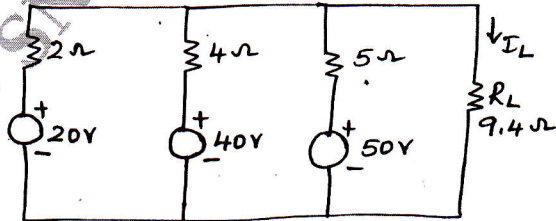


Fig.Q2(c)

Module – 2

Q.3	a.	Use superposition theorem, to find the current 'i' for the circuit shown in Fig.Q3(a).	6	L3	CO2
		 Fig.Q3(a)			
	b.	Use Millman's theorem, to find current flowing through $(2 + j3)\Omega$ impedance, for the circuit given in Fig.Q3(b).	6	L3	CO2
		 Fig.Q3(b)			
	c.	State and find the condition for maximum power transfer in a AC circuit when load impedance is the invariable (Z_L).	8	L2	CO2
OR					
Q.4	a.	Use Thevenin's theorem, to find the current through ' R_L ' for the network shown in Fig.Q4(a).	7	L3	CO2
		 Fig.Q4(a)			
	b.	Apply Norton's theorem to find the current through 16Ω resistor for the circuit shown in Fig.Q4(b).	7	L3	CO2
		 Fig.Q4(b)			
	c.	Using Millman's theorem, find I_L through R_L for the network shown in Fig.Q4(c).	6	L3	CO2
		 Fig.Q4(c)			

Module – 3

Q.5	a.	Explain the transient behavior of the Resistance, Inductance and Capacitor.	10	L2	CO3
	b.	The circuit is in steady state with switch K closed for the circuit shown in Fig.Q5(b). At $t = 0$, the switch is opened. Find the voltage across the switch V_K , $\frac{dV_K}{dt}$ at $t = 0+$.	10	L3	CO3

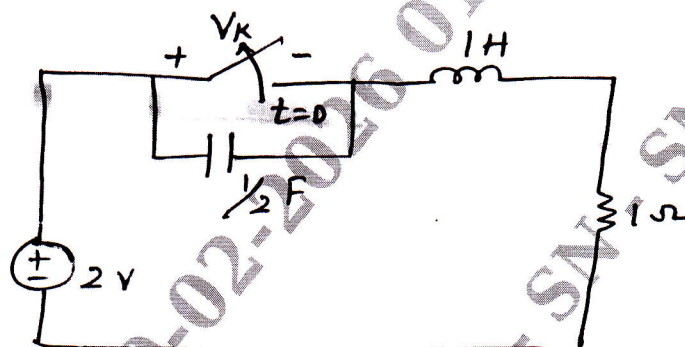


Fig.Q5(b)

OR

Q.6	a.	In the circuit shown in Fig.Q6(a), the switch K is changed from Position-1 to Position-2 at $t = 0$, steady state having been reached before switching. Evaluate i , $\frac{di}{dt}$ and $\frac{d^2i}{dt^2}$ at $t = 0+$.	10	L3	CO3
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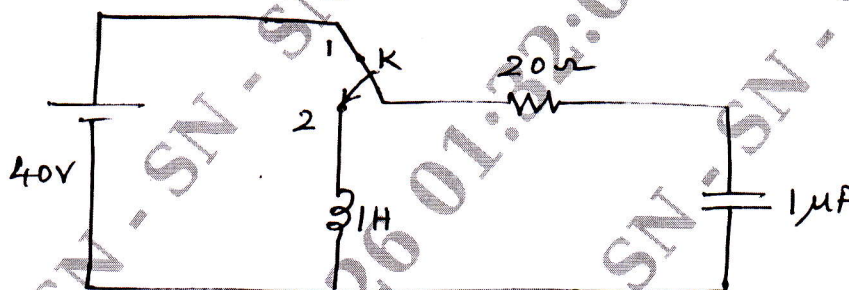


Fig.Q6(a)

	b.	In the circuit shown in Fig.Q6(b), $V_1(t) = e^{-t}$ for $t \geq 0$ and is zero for all $t < 0$. If the capacitor is initially uncharged, determine the value of $\frac{dV_2}{dt}$, $\frac{d^2V_2}{dt^2}$, $\frac{d^3V_2}{dt^3}$ at $t = 0+$.	10	L3	CO3
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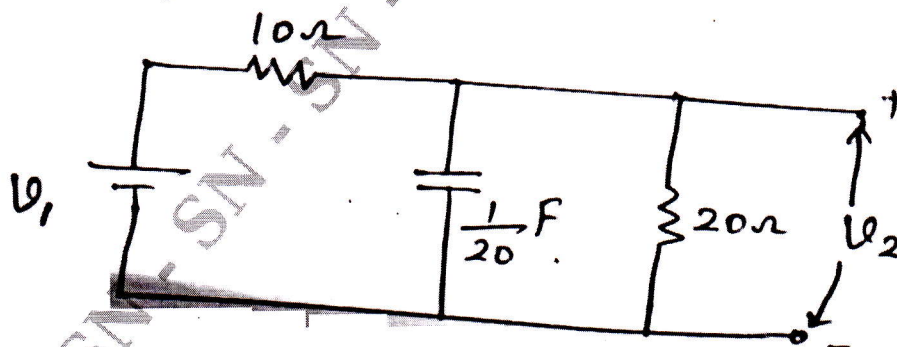
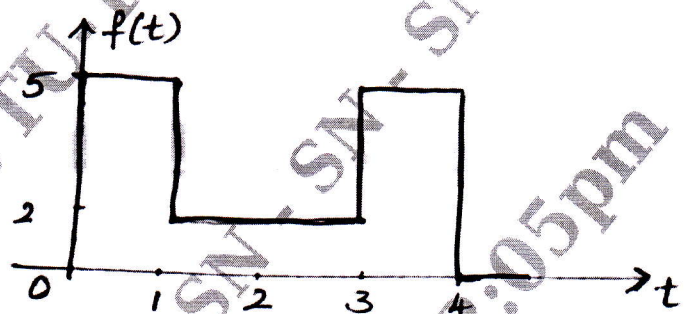
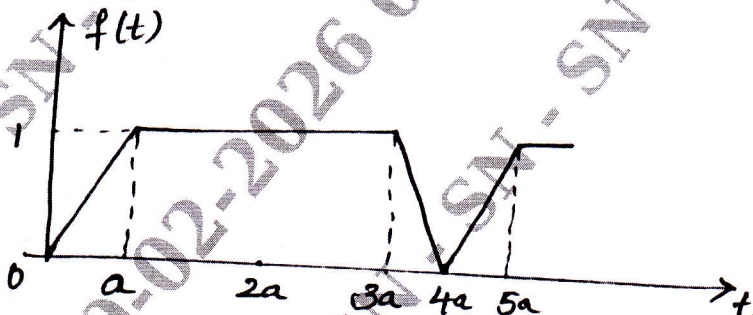
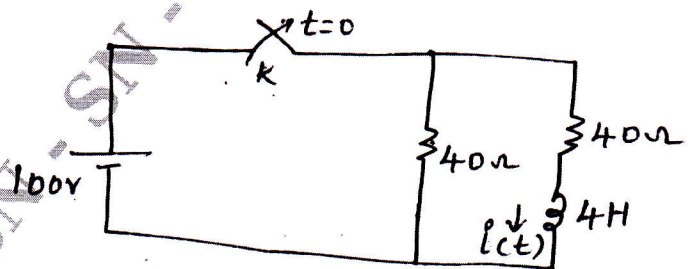
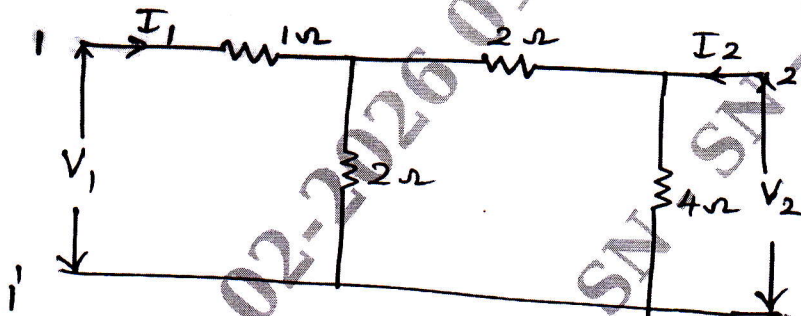


Fig.Q6(b)

Module – 4

Q.7	a. Find the Laplace transform of the following functions : i) $t.e^{-at}$ ii) $\cos^3 3t$ iii) $\frac{1}{2a^2} \sinh at \sin at.$	6	L3	CO3
	b. Find the Laplace transform of the following functions : i. Unit step function ii. Ramp function.	6	L3	CO3
	c. Obtain the Laplace transform of the $f(t)$ shown in Fig.Q7(c).  Fig.Q7(c)	8	L3	CO3
OR				
Q.8	a. Find the Laplace transform of the periodic waveform shown in Fig.Q8(a).  Fig.Q8(a)	10	L3	CO3
	b. Find the current $i(t)$ when switch K is opened at $t = 0$ having reached steady state before the switching and the circuit is as shown in Fig.Q8(b). Also find the current at $t = 0.5$ sec.  Fig.Q8(b)	10	L3	CO3

Module – 5

Q.9	a.	Define Z and Y – parameters. Express Z-parameters in terms of Y.	10	L2	CO4
	b.	Obtain h – parameters for the network shown in Fig.Q9(b).	10	L3	CO4
 Fig.Q9(b)					
OR					
Q.10	a.	Derive the expressions for Half-power frequencies for a series RLC circuit.	10	L3	CO4
	b.	A series RLC circuit has $R = 10 \Omega$, $L = 0.3H$ and $C = 100 \mu F$. The applied voltage is 230 V, find : i. The resonant frequency ii. The quality factor iii. Lower and upper cut-off frequency iv. Bandwidth.	10	L2	CO4
