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08SCS151

First Semester M.Tech. Degree Examination, June/July 2011
Theoretical Foundation of Computer Science

Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks:100

Note: Answer any FIVE full questions.

- 1 a. Define the following :
i) String ii) Problem iii) Power set iv) Length of string v) Language of DFA (05 Marks)
b. Write a DFA for $L = \{ w \mid w \text{ has odd number of 1's followed by even number of 0's} \}$. (05 Marks)
c. Write a procedure to convert a NFA to a DFA. Convert the following NFA to DFA.

	0	1
$\rightarrow p$	$\{ p, q \}$	$\{ p \}$
q	$\{ r \}$	$\{ r \}$
r	$\{ s \}$	ϕ
*s	$\{ s \}$	$\{ s \}$

(10 Marks)

- 2 a. Show that for every DFA $A = (Q, \Sigma, \delta, q_0, F)$ there is a regular expression R , such that $L(R) = L(A)$. (06 Marks)
b. Construct a transition diagram and find the regular expression for the following automaton

	0	1
$\rightarrow q_1$	q_2	q_3
* q_2	q_1	q_3
* q_3	q_2	q_2

(06 Marks)

- c. Draw the table of distinguishabilities and then construct the minimum-state equivalent DFA for the following automaton. (08 Marks)

	0	1
$\rightarrow A$	B	E
B	C	F
*C	D	H
D	E	H
E	F	I
*F	G	B
G	H	B
H	I	C
*I	A	E

- 3 a. Using pumping lemma, show that $L = \{ a^n \mid n \geq 0 \}$ is not regular. (06 Marks)
b. If L is a regular language over alphabet Σ , and h is a homomorphism on Σ , then show that $h(L)$ is also regular. (08 Marks)
c. Using closure properties, show that $L = \{ a^n b^l c^{n+1} \mid n, l \geq 0 \}$ is not regular. (06 Marks)

- 4 a. Show that the following grammar is ambiguous. Construct an unambiguous grammar for the same:

$$S \rightarrow iCtS \mid iCtSeS \mid a$$

$$C \rightarrow b$$

(08 Marks)

- b. Define the following:

i) Language of a grammar

ii) Derivation tree

(04 Marks)

- c. Write the grammar for the following language:

i) $L(G) = \{ a^n b^{n-3} : n \geq 3 \}$

ii) $L(G) = \{ a^n b^m c^m d^n : m, n \geq 1 \}$

iii) $L = \{ w : n_a(w) = n_b(w) \}$

iv) $L = \{ ww^R : w \in (a+b)^* \}$

(08 Marks)

- 5 a. Design a PDA to accept the language corresponding to the grammar

$$S \rightarrow AA \mid 0$$

$$A \rightarrow SS \mid 1$$

by empty stack and final state methods.

(08 Marks)

- b. If there is a PDA to accept a language 'L' by final state then show that there is a PDA to accept the same language 'L' by empty stack.

(07 Marks)

- c. Convert the following PDA to CFG :

$M = (\{p, q\}, \{0, 1\}, \{x, z_0\}, \delta, q, z_0)$ and δ is given by

$$\delta(q, z_0, 1) = (q, xz_0)$$

$$\delta(q, x, 1) = (q, xx)$$

$$\delta(q, x, 0) = (p, x)$$

$$\delta(q, x, \epsilon) = (q, \epsilon)$$

$$\delta(p, x, 1) = (p, \epsilon)$$

$$\delta(p, z_0, 0) = (q, z_0)$$

(06 Marks)

- 6 a. Write an algorithm to eliminate ϵ -production from a grammar. Eliminate ϵ -production for the following grammar:

$$S \rightarrow AB \mid aS$$

$$A \rightarrow \epsilon$$

$$B \rightarrow \epsilon$$

$$D \rightarrow b$$

(08 Marks)

- b. Convert the following grammar to GNF:

$$S \rightarrow AA \mid 0$$

$$A \rightarrow SS \mid 1$$

(06 Marks)

- c. State and prove the pumping lemma for context free languages.

(06 Marks)

- 7 a. Explain the model of Turing machine.

(06 Marks)

- b. Obtain a Turing machine to accept a string 'w' of a's and b's such that $n_a(w) = n_b(w)$.

(07 Marks)

- c. Obtain a Turing machine to perform $x + y$, where x and y are positive integers.

(07 Marks)

- 8 a. Discuss how to use computer to simulate a Turing machine and compare the running times of computer and Turing machine.

(10 Marks)

- b. State and prove Rice theorem.

(10 Marks)
