

Third Semester B.Arch. Degree Examination, Dec.2016/Jan.2017 Structures – III

Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks:100

Note: 1. Answer any FIVE full questions.
2. Any missing data may be suitably assumed.

1 a. State the assumptions made in theory of pure torsion.

(06 Marks)

- b. Find the maximum shear stress induced in a solid circular shaft of dia 150mm, when the shaft transmits 150kN power at 180rpm. (14 Marks)
- 2 a. With usual notations show that $\frac{J}{R} = \frac{C\theta}{L}$.

(06 Marks)

- b. A solid steel shaft has to transmit 100kW at 160 rpm. Taking available shear stress as 70 N/mm², find the suitable diameter of the shaft. The maximum torque transmitted in each resolution exceeds the mean by 20%. (14 Marks)
- 3 a. Define polar modulus torsional rigidity and torsional strength.

(06 Marks)

- b. Find the maximum torque that can be safely applied for a shaft of diameter 80mm of length 5m bears angle of twist 1.5°. The shaft produces a shear stress of 42 N/mm². Take C = 84 GPa. (14 Marks)
- 4 a. What are the assumptions made in the Euler's theory, for an axially loaded column?

(06 Marks)

- b. A solid sand bar of 3m long and 50mm in diameter is used as a strut with four end conditions. Determine the crippling load for each condition $E = 2 \times 10^5 \text{ N/mm}^2$. (14 Marks)
 - i) Both ends hinged.
 - ii) One and fixed other free.
 - iii) Both ends fixed.
 - iv) One end fixed other hinged.
- 5 a. Derive Euler's formula for crippling load of long column with both ends hinged. (06 Marks)
 - b. A column of timber section $150 \text{mm} \times 200 \text{mm}$ is 6m long with both ends fixed if $E = 17.5 \text{ kN/mm}^2$. Determine: i) Crippling load; ii) Safe load when FS = 3. (14 Marks)
- a. A steel cantilever of span 2.5m carries a point load of WkN at its free end. The moment of inertia of the section is 9900 × 10⁻⁸m⁴. If the detection at the free end is not to exceed 0.75cm. What must be the value of W? E = 210 GN/m². (10 Marks)
 - b. A steel cantilever projecting 3m from wall is loaded with a udl 20 kN/m run. Find the slope and deflection of the beam if the MI of the beam section is 7550×10^{-8} m⁴. (10 Marks)
- 7 A timber beam of rectangular section 10cm × 25cm is simply supported over a span of 4m. What udl is kN/m should the beam carry to produce a central deflection of 0.6cm? Calculate slope also. (20 Marks)
- 8 Determine the maximum slope and deflection for,
 - i) Cantilever beam with a concentrated load at the free end.
 - ii) Simply supported beam with udl through out. Use moment area method.

(20 Marks)
