USN

Seventh Semester B.E./B.Tech. Degree Examination, Dec.2024/Jan.2025 Control Engineering

Time: 3 hrs. Max. Marks: 100

Note:1. Answer any FIVE full questions, choosing ONE full question from each module.
2. Draw neat sketches wherever necessary.

Module-1

- 1 a. Define open loop system and discuss its advantages and disadvantages. (05 Marks)
 - b. Explain the requirements of an ideal control system (at least five). (05 Marks)
 - c. Explain the following controllers, (i) PI controller (ii) PID controller. (10 Marks)

OR

2 a. What are the key elements used in the mathematical modeling of mechanical system?

(04 Marks)

b. Explain the steps to solve problems on analogous systems.

(06 Marks)

c. Draw the equivalent mechanical system of the given system shown in Fig. Q2 (c). (10 Marks)

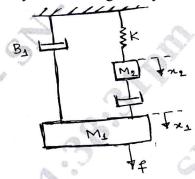


Fig. Q2 (c)

Module-2

3 a. With neat sketches, explain standard test signals in control system.

(10 Marks)

- b. A unity feedback system has, $G(s) = \frac{40(s+2)}{s(s+1)(s+4)}$. Determine (i) Type of system,
 - (ii) All error coefficients (iii) Error for ramp input with magnitude 4.

(10 Marks)

OR

- 4 a. With a neat sketch of transient response specifications, explain, (i) Delay time (ii) Rise time (iii) Peak time (iv) Peak overshoot (v) Settling time. (10 Marks)
 - b. A unity feedback system is characterized by open loop transfer function, $G(s) = \frac{10}{s^2 + 2s + 6}$

Determine the following when the system is subjected to unit step input:

- (i) Undamped natural frequency.
- (ii) Damping ratio.
- (iii) Peak overshoot
- (iv) Peak time
- (v) Settling time

(10 Marks)

Module-3

- What is block diagram? With neat sketches, explain the following rules of block diagram reduction technique:
 - Reducing blocks in series
- (ii) Reducing blocks in parallel
- (iii) Merging of two summing point (iv) Moving a summing point behind the block.

(10 Marks)

Reduce the block diagram and obtain its transfer function $\frac{C(s)}{R(s)}$. Block diagram shown in

Fig. Q5 (b).

(10 Marks)

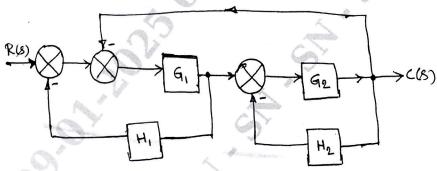
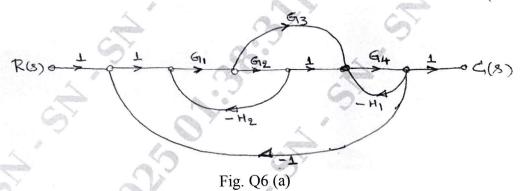


Fig. Q5 (b)

OR

For the system shown in Fig. Q6 (a), determine $\frac{C(s)}{R(s)}$ using Mason's gain formula.

(10 Marks)



for the following system shown in Fig. Q6 (b). Use Mason's gain formula.

(10 Marks)

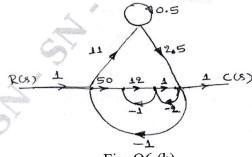


Fig. Q6 (b)

Module-4

- 7 a. Investigate the stability of system using Routh Hurwitz criterion having characteristics equation, $s^5 + 4s^4 + 12s^3 + 20s^2 + 30s + 100 = 0$. (10 Marks)
 - b. By applying Routh Criterion, discuss the stability of the closed loop system as a function of K for the following open loop transfer function:

$$G(s)H(s) = \frac{K(s+1)}{s(s-1)(s^2+4s+16)}.$$
 (10 Marks)

OR

8 Sketch the root locus of the system whose open loop transfer function is given by,

$$G(s)H(s) = \frac{K}{s(s+2)(s+4)(s+6)}$$

Also comment on the stability of the system.

(20 Marks)

(04 Marks)

Module-5

9 a. Explain the steps to solve problems by Nyquist criterion.

b. Draw Nyquist plot for $G(s)H(s) = \frac{K}{s(s+2)(s+10)}$. Also calculate the range of values of K

for stability.

(16 Marks)

OR

Sketch the Bode plot for a system having $G(s)H(s) = \frac{100}{s(s+1)(s+2)}$

From the plot determine, (i) Gain margin (ii) Phase margin

(iii) Gain cross over frequency (iv) Phase cross over frequency.

Comment on the stability of the system.

(20 Marks)