

# CBCS SCHEME

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BESCK104C/ BESCKC104

## First Semester B.E./B.Tech. Degree Examination, Jan./Feb. 2023

### Introduction to Electronics and Communication

Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks: 100

**Note:** 1. Answer any FIVE full questions, choosing ONE full question from each module.

2. VTU Formula Hand Book is permitted.

3. M : Marks , L: Bloom's level , C: Course outcomes.

Module - 1			M	L	C
Q.1	a.	Draw the block diagram of DC power supply and explain the individual blocks.	8	L2	CO1
	b.	Draw the circuit diagram of voltage regulation and explain the operation.	6	L2	CO1
	c.	An amplifier produces an output voltage of 2V for an input of 50mV. If the input and output currents in this condition are 4mA and 200mA respectively. Find : i) The voltage gain    ii) The current gain    iii) The power gain.	6	L3	CO1
OR					
Q.2	a.	With a neat circuit diagram and waveform. Explain the working operation of a full wave bridge rectifier.	8	L2	CO1
	b.	Draw the circuit diagram of voltage doubler and the working operation.	6	L2	CO1
	c.	Discuss briefly a Negative feedback amplifier with block diagram.	6	L1	CO1
Module - 2					
Q.3	a.	With circuit diagram, explain the operation of an wien bridge oscillator.	8	L2	CO2
	b.	Define the following operational amplifier parameters value. i) Open loop voltage gain ii) Output Resistance iii) Slew Rate.	6	L1	CO2
	c.	Draw the circuit diagram and input and output waveform of the following operational amplifier circuits i) Differentiators    ii) Integrator.	6	L1	CO2
OR					
Q.4	a.	Explain the single state astable oscillator with circuit diagram.	8	L1	CO2
	b.	What is oscillator? And mention condition for oscillations.	6	L1	CO2
	c.	Explain the operation of summing amplifier using operational amplifier and write the output equation.	6	L2	CO2

**Module – 3**

<b>Q.5</b>	<b>a.</b>	Implement full adder using two half adders and one OR gate. Write the equations for Sum and $C_{out}$ .	<b>8</b>	<b>L3</b>	<b>CO3</b>
	<b>b.</b>	Convert the following numbers to its equivalent numbers and show the steps. i) $(10110001101011.111100000)_2 = (?)_8$ ii) $(10110001101011.11110010)_2 = (?)_{16}$ iii) $(1010.011)_2 = (?)_{10}$	<b>6</b>	<b>L2</b>	<b>CO3</b>
	<b>c.</b>	Using basic Boolean theorems prove i) $(x + y)(x + z) = x + yz$ ii) $xy + xz + y\bar{z} = xz + y\bar{z}$	<b>6</b>	<b>L3</b>	<b>CO3</b>

**OR**

<b>Q.6</b>	<b>a.</b>	Express the Boolean function i) $F = A + \bar{B}C$ in a sum of minterms form ii) $F = xy + \bar{x}z$ in a product of maxterms form.	<b>8</b>	<b>L2</b>	<b>CO3</b>
	<b>b.</b>	Subtract the following using 10's complement i) $(72532 - 3250)_{10}$ ii) $(3250 - 72532)_{10}$	<b>6</b>	<b>L2</b>	<b>CO3</b>
	<b>c.</b>	Write the step by step procedure to design a combinational circuit.	<b>6</b>	<b>L1</b>	<b>CO3</b>

**Module – 4**

<b>Q.7</b>	<b>a.</b>	What is an Embedded system? Compare Embedded systems with general computer systems.	<b>8</b>	<b>L2</b>	<b>CO4</b>
	<b>b.</b>	Mention the classification of Embedded system based on complexity and performance.	<b>6</b>	<b>L1</b>	<b>CO4</b>
	<b>c.</b>	Write a short note on – 7-segment LED display.	<b>6</b>	<b>L2</b>	<b>CO4</b>

**OR**

<b>Q.8</b>	<b>a.</b>	Discuss the typical embedded system elements.	<b>8</b>	<b>L2</b>	<b>CO4</b>
	<b>b.</b>	What is the difference between RISC and CISC processors?	<b>6</b>	<b>L1</b>	<b>CO4</b>
	<b>c.</b>	Write a short note on : i) Transducers ii) Sensors.	<b>6</b>	<b>L2</b>	<b>CO4</b>

**Module – 5**

<b>Q.9</b>	<b>a.</b>	Draw the block diagram of basic communication system and briefly explain the individual blocks.	<b>10</b>	<b>L2</b>	<b>CO5</b>
	<b>b.</b>	Discuss the types of communication systems.	<b>5</b>	<b>L2</b>	<b>CO5</b>
	<b>c.</b>	List the advantages of digital communication over analog communication.	<b>5</b>	<b>L1</b>	<b>CO5</b>

**OR**

<b>Q.10</b>	<b>a.</b>	Define Amplitude and Frequency modulation. Sketch AM and FM waveform.	<b>10</b>	<b>L1</b>	<b>CO5</b>
	<b>b.</b>	Write a short note on : Amplitude Shift Keying (ASK) modulator and demodulator.	<b>10</b>	<b>L2</b>	<b>CO5</b>

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