

CBCS SCHEME

USN

| | | | | | | |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | | | | | | |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|

18EE54

Fifth Semester B.E. Degree Examination, Dec.2023/Jan.2024 Signals and Systems

Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks: 100

Note: Answer any FIVE full questions, choosing ONE full question from each module.

Module-1

- 1 a. Distinguish between
 i) Even and Odd signals
 ii) Energy and power signals (06 Marks)
- b. Check whether the following signals are periodic or not. Determine their fundamental period.
 i) $x(t) = \cos(\sqrt{2}t) + \cos(t)$
 ii) $x(n) = 3e^{\frac{j3\pi}{5}} \left(n + \frac{1}{2} \right)$ (06 Marks)
- c. Sketch and find the energy of the following signals
 i) $x(t) = \begin{cases} t & ; 0 < t < 1 \\ 2-t & ; 1 < t < 2 \\ 0 & ; \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$
 ii) $x(n) = \begin{cases} 1 & ; |n| \leq 1 \\ 0 & ; \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$ (08 Marks)

OR

- 2 a. Given the signal $x(n) = (6-n) \{u(n) - u(n-6)\}$ determine and sketch the following signals.
 i) $y_1(n) = x(4-n)$
 ii) $y_2(n) = x(2n-3)$ (06 Marks)
- b. A continuous time signal $x(t)$ and $g(t)$ is shown in Fig Q2(b) respectively. Express $x(t)$ in terms of $g(t)$.

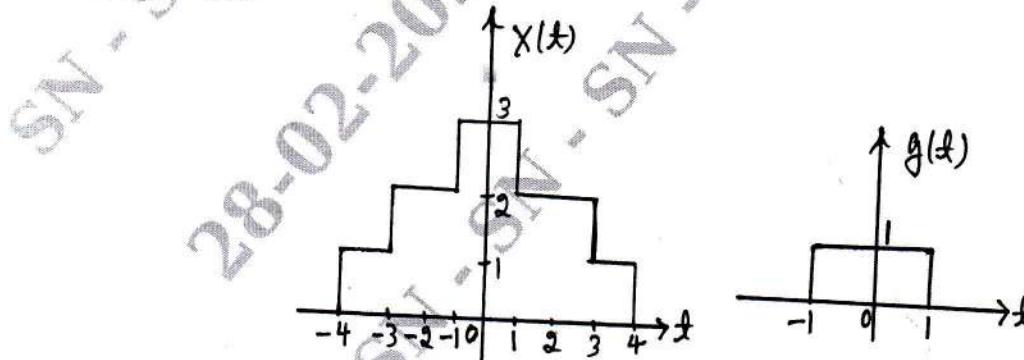


Fig Q2(b)

(04 Marks)

- c. Determine whether the following systems are memoryless, causal, linear, Time invariant and stable
 i) $y(t) = x^2(t)$ ii) $y(n) = x(-n)$ (10 Marks)

Module-2

- 3 a. Evaluate the convolution sum of $x(n) = \beta^n u(n)$; $|\beta| < 1$ and $h(n) = \alpha^n u(n)$; $|\alpha| < 1$. (08 Marks)
 b. Determine whether the LTI system described by the following impulse responses are memoryless, causal and stable.
 i) $h(t) = e^{2t} u(t - 1)$
 ii) $h(n) = 2u(n) - 2u(n - 1)$ (06 Marks)
 c. Determine the forced response for the system given by, $5 \frac{dy(t)}{dt} + 10y(t) = 2x(t)$ with input $x(t) = 2u(t)$. (06 Marks)

OR

- 4 a. Evaluate the convolution integral of $x(t) = u(t + 1)$ and $h(t) = u(t - 2)$. Also sketch the $y(t)$. (06 Marks)
 b. Determine the complete response of the system described by the difference equation:
 $y(n) - \frac{1}{9}y(n - 2) = x(n - 1)$ with $y(-1) = 1$, $y(-2) = 0$ and $x(n) = u(n)$. (08 Marks)
 c. Draw the direct form I and direct form II implementations for the difference equation
 $y(n) + \frac{1}{2}y(n - 1) - y(n - 3) = 3x(n - 1) + 2x(n - 2)$ (06 Marks)

Module-3

- 5 a. State and prove following properties of CTFT.
 i) Time differentiation ii) Frequency shift (08 Marks)
 b. Determine the CTFT of the signal $x(t)$ is shown in Fig Q5(b)

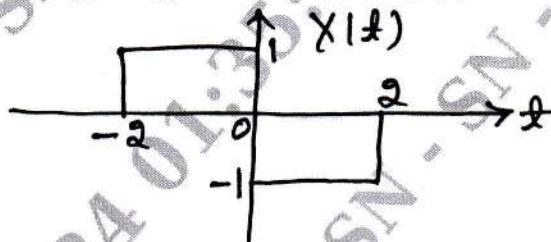


Fig Q5(b)

(04 Marks)

- c. Determine the frequency response and impulse response of the system having the input $x(t) = e^{-t} u(t)$ and output $y(t) = e^{-2t} u(t) + e^{3t} u(t)$. (08 Marks)

OR

- 6 a. State and prove the following properties of CTFT i) Modulation ii) Time shift (08 Marks)
 b. Determine the Fourier transform of the signal $x(t) = e^{-at} u(t)$; $a > 0$. Draw its magnitude and phase spectra. (06 Marks)
 c. Determine the frequency response and impulse response for system described by the differential equation.

$$\frac{d^2y(t)}{dt^2} + 5 \frac{dy(t)}{dt} + 6y(t) = -\frac{dx(t)}{dt}$$

Module-4

- 7 a. State and derive the following properties of DTFT.
 i) Time shift ii) Convolution (08 Marks)
- b. Determine the frequency response and the impulse response of the system having input.
 $x(n) = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^n u(n)$ and output $y(n) = \frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^n u(n) + \left(\frac{1}{4}\right)^n u(n)$ (08 Marks)
- c. Using the appropriate properties, find DTFT of the following signal
 $x(n) = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^n u[n - 2]$ (04 Marks)

OR

- 8 a. State and derive the following properties of DTFT
 i) Frequency differentiation
 ii) Parseval's Theorem (08 Marks)
- b. Find the DTFT of the following signals
 i) $x(n) = \sigma(n)$
 ii) $x(n) = \alpha^n u(n)$; $|\alpha| < 1$. Draw the magnitude spectrum. (06 Marks)
- c. Determine the frequency response and the impulse response of the system described by the difference equation. $y(n) + \frac{1}{2}y(n - 1) = x(n) - 2x(n - 1)$ (06 Marks)

Module-5

- 9 a. Define ROC. Describe the properties of ROC in Z-plane. (08 Marks)
- b. Determine the Z-transform of $x(n) = -u(-n - 1) + \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^n u(n)$, find the ROC and poles locations of $x(z)$ in the z-plane. (06 Marks)
- c. A causal system has input $x(n) = \sigma(n) + \frac{1}{4}\sigma(n - 1) - \frac{1}{8}\sigma(n - 2)$
 and output $y(n) = \sigma(n) - \frac{3}{4}\sigma(n - 1)$. Find the impulse response of the system. (06 Marks)

OR

- 10 a. State and derive the following properties of 2 – transform
 i) Time Reversal
 ii) Convolution property. (08 Marks)
- b. Determine the inverse z-transform if $x(z) = \frac{\frac{1}{4}z^{-1}}{\left(1 - \frac{1}{2}z^{-1}\right)\left(1 - \frac{1}{4}z^{-1}\right)}$ with ROC's
 i) $|z| > \frac{1}{2}$ ii) $|z| < \frac{1}{4}$ iii) $\frac{1}{4} < |z| < \frac{1}{2}$ (08 Marks)
- c. Determine whether the system described below is causal and stable.
 $H(z) = \frac{2z + 1}{z^2 + z - \frac{5}{16}}$ (04 Marks)

* * * * *