Fifth Semester B.E. Degree Examination, June/July 2023 Theory of Vibrations

Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks: 100

Note: Answer any FIVE full questions, choosing ONE full question from each module.

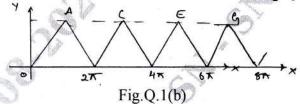
Module-1

1 Explain different types of vibration,

(08 Marks)

Find the Fourier series for the saw tooth curve as shown in the Fig.Q.1(b).

(12 Marks)



OR

- Define the term vibration, mention the causes of vibration and how to reduce it. (08 Marks) 2
 - Define the following terms: b.
 - Simple harmonic motion i)
 - Damping ii)
 - Degree of freedom iii)
 - iv) Resonance.

(04 Marks)

A harmonic motion is given by the equation $x(t) = 5\sin |15t$ where phase angle is in

radians and t in records. Find: i) Period of motion displacement iv) Maximum velocity.

- ii) Frequency
- iii) Maximum (08 Marks)

Module-2

Derive an expression for natural frequency of torsional vibration with usual notation. 3

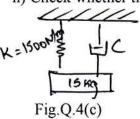
(10 Marks)

Determine the natural frequency of a spring mass system where the mass of the spring is also to be taken into around. (10 Marks)

Derive the equation for damped free vibration and solve for critical damping system.

(10 Marks) (06 Marks)

- Derive an expression for logarithmic decrement of an under damped system.
- For the system shown below, the characteristic of the dash pot is such that when a constant force of 60N is applied to the piston, its velocity is found to be constant at 0.12m/s. Determine: i) Damping coefficient ii) Check whether the system is periodic or aperiodic.



(04 Marks)

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Module-3

5 a. With usual notation derive an expression for maximum displacement for a forced vibration of undamped single degree freedom system. (10 Marks)

b. A machine of a total mass 68kg mounted on springs of stiffness K = 11,000 N/cm, with an assumed damping factor, $\xi = 0.2$. A piston within the machine has a mass of 2kg has a reciprocating motion with stroke 7.5cm and a speed of 3000rpm. Assuming the motion of piston to be SHM. Determine: i) Amplitude ii) Phase angle with respect to exciting force iii) Transmissibility and force transmitted to foundation iv) Phase angle of transmitted force with respect to exciting force. (10 Marks)

OR

6 a. With neat sketch, explain the working of seismic instruments. (08 Marks)

b. A Frahns Reed Tachometer is used for measuring the frequency of vibration of a system. The reed is at the resonance frequency of 30Hz when a mass of 0.025kg is placed at its end. The length and the thickness of the reed are 60mm and 0.6mm respectively. Determine its width if the young's modulu of the reed material is 2.1 × 10"N/m. (06 Marks)

c. A seismic instrument with a natural frequency of 5Hz is used to measure the vibration of a machine operating at 150rpm. The relative displacement of seismic mass as read from the instrument is 0.05mm, neglecting air damping, determine the amplitude of vibration of the machine.
(06 Marks)

Module-4

7 a. Figure shows a torsional geared system. Determine: i) Stiffness of equivalent shaft (10 Marks)

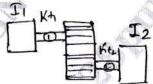
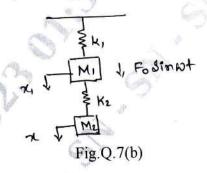


Fig.Q.7(a)

b. Derive an expression for the amplitudes of vibration of the two masses shown below.

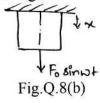
(10 Marks)



OR

8 a. Derive an expression for the free longitudinal vibration of a uniform bar of length L, one end of which is fixed and other end free. (10 Marks)

Find the longitudinal forced vibration of a uniform cross section bar subjected to a sinusoidal force F₀ sinut as shown in the figure.



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Module-5

9 a. Find the natural frequency of the system shown in the figure by Dunkerley's method $E = 1.96 \times 10^4 \text{ N/m}^2$, $I = 4 \times 10^{-7} \text{m}^4$, $M_1 = 100 \text{kg}$, $M_2 = 50 \text{kg}$. (06 Marks)

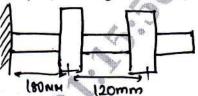
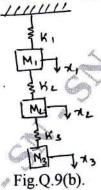


Fig.Q.9(a)

b. Using Stodola's method find the fundamental mode of vibration and its natural frequency of spring mass system shown below. Given $K_1 = K_2 = K_3 = 1N/m$. $M_1 = M_2 = M_3 = 1$ kg.



(14 Marks)

OR

10 a. For the system shown in Figure below. Determine the influence coefficient. (06 Marks)



Fig.Q.10(a)

b. Using Holiyers method, determine the first two natural frequencies of the system shown in Fig.Q.10(b) (14 Marks)

