CRCS SCHEME

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USN						÷				18ME44
	L	Fou	rth	Semest	er B.E.	 Degree	Exami	nation,	Jan./Feb. 2	023
					Cinem	atics (of Ma	chines		
T:		. 1					A. o			. Morley 100
I im		3 hrs.								k. Marks: 100
	N	ote: Ans	swer (any FIVE	full quest	() (E full ques	tion from each	ı module.
1	a.	Define	the f	ollowing :		Modu	<u>ıle-1</u>			
1	a.	(i) Lin				ı (iii) l	Degree o	f freedom	(iv) Inversion	n (06 Marks)
					erion for p				10 (1) . 1	(06 Marks)
	c.				n motion r orth mecha		ns? When	n are they	used? Sketch	and explain the (08 Marks)
		Tunctio	nnig	OI WIIILW	or the free lia					(00 Marks)
_		D .			C	0	The same of the sa			
2	a.			expression r with nea		ssary cond	iition oi	correct ste	eering and exp	olain Ackerman (10 Marks)
	b.			V0.	llowing me	chanisms	:			(IV Marks)
		(i) Dr	ug lin	k mechan	ism (ii) Genev	a wheel.			(10 Marks)
		A				Modu	ıle-2			
3	a.				edy's theor	em.		A2"		(06 Marks)
	b.									nnecting rod is
		1000mm. The crank rotates at an uniform speed of 300 rpm in clockwise direction and crank is inclined at 30° with inner dead centre. The centre of gravity of connecting ro								
	400mm from the crank end. By Klein's construction determine								inteeting roa is	
		(i) Velocity and acceleration of piston.(ii) Angular velocity and acceleration of connecting rod.								
								g rod. ty of conne	cting rod.	(14 Marks)
		(111)	4	#			01 81011		oving rou.	(211124115)
4		T 0		·	A DCD	0]		200	1 Th	-1- AD :- 20
4		In a four bar mechanism ABCD, AD is fixed link of 120 mm long. The crank AB is 30mm and rotates at 100 rpm clockwise while $CD = 60$ mm oscillates about D. BC and AD are of								
		All		-	/ 400		The same of the sa			$AD = 60^{\circ} \text{ by}$
	Ĝ	(i) rela	tive v	elocity m	ethod (ii)	Instantan	eous cen	tre method.		(20 Marks)
						Modi	ıle-3			
5		_	-			pressions	for veloc	and the second second	eleration of the	e piston angular
		acceler	ation	of connec	ting rod of	f a slider c	rank med	chanism.		(20 Marks)
						O]	R			
6	a.				equation f	for slider c	rank med			(10 Marks)
	b.	Design a four link mechanism to coordinate three positions of the input and the output as								
		follows	$\theta_1 =$	20°	$\phi_1 = 35^{\circ}$					
			$\theta_2 =$	35°	$\phi_2 = 45^\circ$					
			$\theta_3 =$	50°	$\phi_3 = 60^{\circ}$		•			(10 Marks)
		****	A	>	$\phi_1 = 35^{\circ}$ $\phi_2 = 45^{\circ}$ $\phi_3 = 60^{\circ}$					
						1 of 2				
		4	***************************************							
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Module-4

A cam rotates at a uniform speed of 300 rpm clockwise and gives an oscillating follower 7 75mm long, an angular displacement of 30° in each stroke. The follower if fitted with a roller of 20mm diameter which makes contact with the cam. The outward and inward displacements of the follower each occupying 120° cam rotation and there is no dwell in the lifted position. The follower moves throughout with SHM. The axis of fulcrum is 80mm from the axis of cam and least distance of roller axis from cam axis is 40mm. (20 Marks)

A vertical spindle supplied with a plane horizontal face at its lower end is actuated by a cam 8 keyed to a uniformly rotating shaft. The spindle is raised through a distance of 30mm in one forth remains at rest in one fourth, is lowered in one third and remains at rest for the remainder of a complete revolution. Draw the profile assuming the least radius of cam profile as 25mm and that the spindle moves with uniform acceleration and retardation on both ascent and descent, however during descent deceleration period is half the acceleration period. The axis of the spindle passes through cam axis. The cam rotates in anticlockwise (20 Marks) direction.

Module-5

- Derive an expression for minimum number of teeth necessary for gear to avoid interference. (10 Marks)
 - The standard full depth 141/2° gear have module of 5mm. The pinion has 15 teeth and the gear has 60 teeth. Addendum = 1 module.
 - (i) Show that the gear will interfere with pinion
 - (ii) Should the pressure angle be increased to eliminate the interference?

(10 Marks)

OR

- Explain the term train valve and velocity ratio used in gear train. (04 Marks) 10
 - In an epicyclic gear train the internal wheels A, B and the compound wheel C and D rotate independently about the axis 'O'. The wheels E and F rotate on a pin fixed to the arm G. E gears with A and C, and F gears with B and D. All the wheels have same pitch and the number of teeth on E and F are 18; C = 28, D = 26.
 - (i) Sketch the arrangement
 - (ii) Find the number of teeth on A and B
 - (iii) If the arm G makes 150 rpm CW and A is fixed find the speed of B.
 - (iv) If the arm G makes 150 rpm CW and wheel A makes 15 rpm CCW find the speed of B.

(16 Marks)