# CBCS SCHEME

USN		18EE3	
USIN		p. 60	

# Third Semester B.E. Degree Examination, Dec.2023/Jan.2024 **Electric Circuit Analysis**

Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks: 100

Note: Answer any FIVE full questions, choosing ONE full question from each module.

### Module-1

Reduce the network shown in Fig.Q1(a) to a single voltage source in series with a resistance.

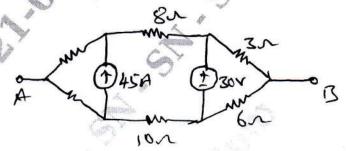


Fig.Q1(a)

(08 Marks)

Determine the nodal voltages V<sub>1</sub>, V<sub>2</sub>, V<sub>3</sub> and V<sub>4</sub> in the circuit shown in Fig.Q1(b).

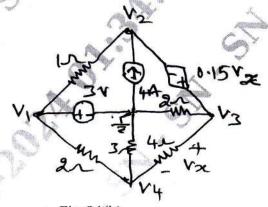


Fig.Q1(b)

Compute the resistance between A and B in network shown in Fig.Q1(c) using star - Delta transformation.

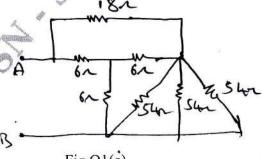


Fig.Q1(c)

(04 Marks)

#### OR

a. For the circuit shown in Fig.Q2(a) determine I<sub>x</sub> using Mesh analysis.

(08 Marks)

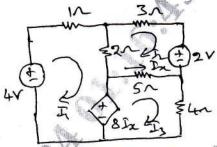
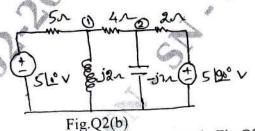


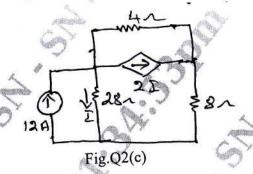
Fig.Q2(a)

b. Determine node voltages is network shown in Fig.Q2(b).



(06 Marks)

Find current I using Mesh analysis in the network shown in Fig.Q2(c).



(06 Marks)

## Module-2

(06 Marks)

State and explain super Position theorem. 3

Determine the current I in the network shown in Fig.Q3(b) and verity reciprocity theorem.



(06 Marks) Fig.Q3(b)

c. Obtain Thevenin's equivalent of the network shown in Fig.Q3(c) between terminals A and B and find the power dissipation in load resistance  $4\Omega$ .

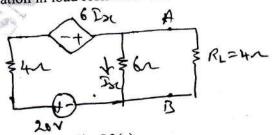
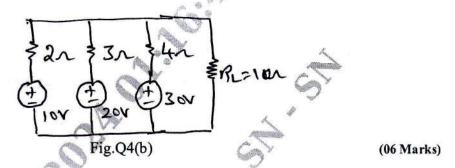


Fig.Q3(c) 2 of 6 (08 Marks)

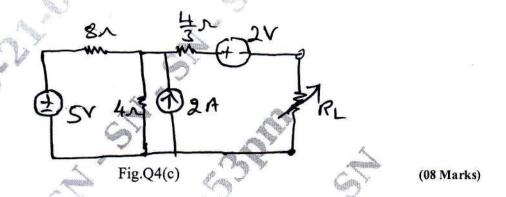
4 a. State and prove Norton's theorem.

(06 Marks)

b. Using Millman's theorem find I<sub>L</sub> through R<sub>L</sub> for the network shown in Fig.Q4(b).



c. Find the value of load resistance when maximum power is transferred across it also find the value of maximum power transferred. (Refer Fig.Q4(c)).



#### Module-3

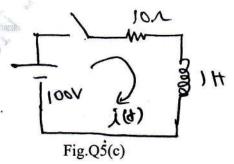
- 5 a. Define the following terms with respect to resonant circuit:
  - i) Resonant frequency
  - ii) Q Factor
  - iii)Bandwidth
  - iv) Selectivity. Write the expression of each.

(08 Marks)

- b. A series RLC circuit has  $R=1\Omega$ , L=0.01H and  $C=0.01\mu F$  and it is connected across  $\theta$  variable frequency source. Determine :
  - i) Resonant frequency
  - ii) Quality factor
  - iii) Bandwidth
  - iv) Cut off frequencies f1 and f2.

(06 Marks)

c. Find  $i(0^+)$ ,  $\frac{di}{dt}(0^+)$  and  $\frac{d^2i(0^+)}{dt^2}$  in the network shown in Fig.Q5(c).



(06 Marks)

In the network shown in Fig.Q6(a) switch 'K' is changed form position 'Q' to 'b' at f = 0. Solve for i,  $\frac{di}{dt}$  and  $\frac{d^2i}{dt^2}$  at  $t = 0^+$ , if  $R = 1000\Omega$ , L = 1H, C = 0.1--- and V = 1000V. Assume capacitor is initially uncharged.

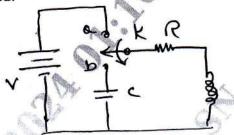
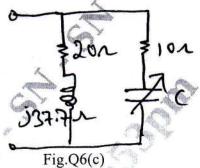


Fig.Q6(a)

(08 Marks)

- Show that the resonant frequency at a series RLC circuit is equal to geometric mean of two (06 Marks) half power frequencies.
- For the circuit shown in Fig.Q6(c) find two values of capacitor for the reasonable. Consider f = 50Hz.



(06 Marks)

Module-4

Find i(t) for  $t \ge 0$  for the network shown in Fig.Q7(a) using Laplace transformers.

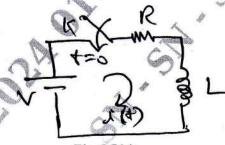


Fig.Q7(a)

(06 Marks)

- State and prove:
  - Initial valve theorem
  - ii) Final value theorem.

(06 Marks)

Obtain the Laplace transform of triangular waveform shown in Fig.Q7(c).

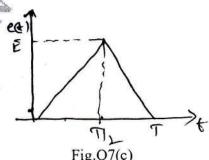
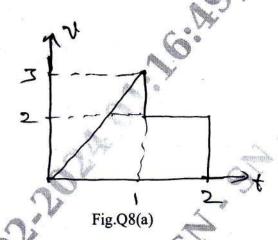


Fig.Q7(c)

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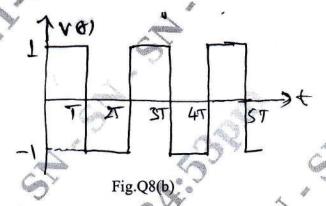
(08 Marks)

Find the Laplace transform of the waveform shown in Fig. Q8(a



(08 Marks)

Find the Laplace transform of periodic waveform shown in Fig.Q8(b).

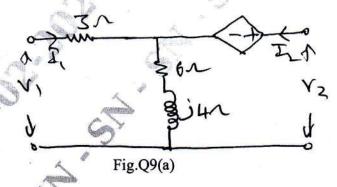


(08 Marks)

Find the laplace transform of the following function: i) u(t)

(04 Marks)

Find the open circuit impedance parameters for the current shown in Fig.Q9(a).



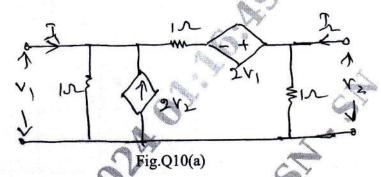
(06 Marks)

Derive expressions for Parameters in terms of Z – parameters.

(06 Marks)

c. A 3 – phase 400V, 4 wire system has a star connected load with  $Z_R = 10\Omega$ ,  $Z_y = (15 + j10)\Omega$ and  $Z_B = j 5 \Omega$ . Find the line current and current through natural conductor. Draw the vector (08 Marks) diagram.

10 a. Find 'Y' parameters of the two port network shown in Fig. 10(a). Also find 'Z' parameters.



(10 Marks)

b. A balanced set of three phase voltages is connected to an unbalanced set of 'Y' connected impedances.  $V_{RY} = 212 |\underline{90}^{\circ}V|$   $V_{YB} = 212 |\underline{-150}^{\circ}V|$  and  $V_{BR} = 212 |\underline{-30}^{\circ}V|$ ,  $Z_{R} = (10 + j0)\Omega$ ,  $Z_{Y} = (10 + j0)\Omega$  and  $Z_{Q} = (0 - j20)\Omega$ .

Find:

- i) The line current
- ii) Phase voltages
- iii)Power dissipated in each phase.

(10 Marks)