# Third Semester B.E. Degree Examination, Dec.2023/Jan.2024 **Analog Electronic Circuits**

Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks: 100

Note: Answer any FIVE full questions, choosing ONE full question from each module.

Module-1

- Draw the neat circuit diagram for negative clamper and explain with suitable waveforms. 1
  - For the transistor circuit shown in Fig. Q1 (b), determine  $R_B$  and  $R_C$ . Take  $I_{C(Sat)} = 12$  mA,  $\beta = 200$ ,  $V_{CE(sat)} = 0$  V. (06 Marks)

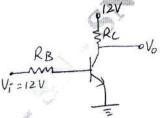
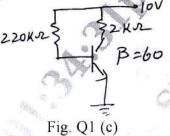


Fig. Q1 (b)

Determine the Q-points (ICQ, VCEQ) for the circuit diagram shown in Fig. Q1 (c). Also find (08 Marks)  $V_B$ ,  $V_C$ ,  $V_{BC}$ .



OR

- Derive the expression for stability factor for Emitter Bias circuit with respect to I<sub>CO</sub> and V<sub>BE</sub>.
  - For the circuit shown in Fig.Q2 (b) with  $\beta = 100$  and  $I_C = 2$  mA for Si transistor. Calculate  $V_{CE}$ ,  $R_E$  and stability factor  $S(I_{CO})$ . (08 Marks)

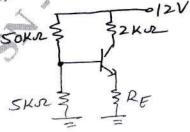


Fig. Q2 (b)

- Determine the stability factor S(V<sub>BE</sub>) and change in I<sub>C</sub> from 25 °C to 100 °C for transistor with  $V_{BE}(25^{\circ}C) = 0.65 \text{ V}$  and  $V_{BE}(100^{\circ}C) = 0.48 \text{ V}$  for fixed bias arrangement with (04 Marks)  $R_B = 270 \text{ k}\Omega$  and  $\beta = 120$ .
- Important Note: 1. On completing your answers, compulsorily draw diagonal cross lines on the remaining blank pages.

  2. Any revealing of identification, appeal to evaluator and /or equations written eg, 42+8 = 50, will be treated as malpractice.

### Module-2

3 a. Derive the expression for Miller Input capacitance with suitable circuit diagram. (07 Marks)

b. For the circuit shown in Fig. Q3 (b), draw neat simplified h-parameter model circuit and obtain the expression for current gain and voltage gain. (06 Marks)

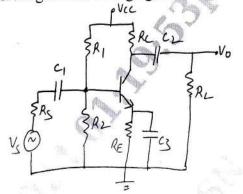


Fig. Q3 (b)

c. For the amplifier shown in Fig.Q3 (b) with  $h_{fe} = 50$ ,  $h_{ie} = 1.1 \text{ k}\Omega$ ,  $h_{oe} = 25 \text{ }\mu\text{A/V}$ ,  $h_{re} = 2.5 \times 10^{-4}$ ,  $R_1 = 50 \text{ K}\Omega$ ,  $R_2 = 2 \text{ K}\Omega$ ,  $R_C = 2 \text{ K}\Omega$ ,  $R_L = 2 \text{ K}\Omega$ ,  $R_S = 1 \text{ K}\Omega$ . Calculate Input impedance, Output impedance, Current gain and Voltage gain. (07 Marks)

### OR

4 a. Compare the relation between the parameters of simplified hybrid model and r<sub>e</sub> model of the transistor in CE configuration with appropriate circuit diagram and expressions. (04 Marks)

b. Obtain the expression for Input impedance, Output impedance and voltage gain of Emitterfollower configuration using AC equivalent circuit with r<sub>e</sub> model. (08 Marks)

c. For the Emitter-follower configuration with  $V_{CC}=12$  V,  $R_B=220$  K $\Omega$ ,  $R_E=3.3$  K $\Omega$ ,  $\beta=100$  and  $r_0=\infty$ . Calculate  $r_e$ ,  $Z_i$ ,  $Z_0$  and  $A_V$ . (08 Marks)

## Module-3

5 a. For the cascaded arrangement shown in Fig. Q5 (a), determine the loaded gain for each stage, total gain for the system (A<sub>V</sub>), total current gain and total gain (A<sub>V</sub>), if the emitter-follower configuration were removed. (10 Marks)

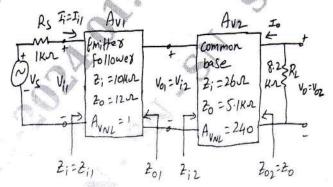


Fig. Q5 (a)

b. For the Darlington emitter-follower with  $V_{CC}=18~V,~R_B=3.3~M\Omega,~R_E=390~\Omega,~r_i=5~K\Omega,~\beta_D=8000,~V_{BE}=1.6~V.$  Calculate the dc bias voltages ( $V_B,V_C$ ), Currents ( $I_B,I_C$ ), Input impedance, Output impedance, Voltage gain and Current gain. (10 Marks)

#### OR

6 a. Derive an expression for Input impedance of voltage series feedback and voltage shunt feedback amplifiers with suitable circuit connections. (10 Marks)

Calculate the gain of a negative feedback amplifier having A = -2000, if feedback factor is 20%.

c. List the important characteristics and applications of Darlington Emitter follower. (06 Marks)

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### Module-4

7 a. For the circuit shown in Fig. Q7 (a), the dc base current is 5 mA and the ac input signal results in a peak base current swing of 4 mA. Assume Si transistor with  $\beta = 30$ . Determine ac power delivered to the load, dc power drawn by the circuit and conversion efficiency.

(10 Marks)

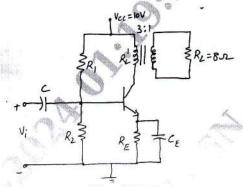


Fig. Q7 (a)

b. A crystal has the following parameters: L = 0.334 H, C = 0.065 PF,  $C_M = 1$  PF, R = 5.5 K $\Omega$ . Calculate the series resonant frequency and parallel resonant frequency. By what percent does the parallel-resonant frequency exceed the series resonant frequency? Also find the Q of the crystal. (10 Marks)

### OR

- 8 a. Explain the operation of Wein bridge oscillator with appropriate circuit diagram and expressions. (07 Marks)
  - b. For a Class B push-pull power amplifier with  $V_{CC} = 25$  V driving an 8  $\Omega$  load, calculate maximum input power, maximum output power, maximum circuit efficiency, maximum collector dissipation and the input voltage at which maximum power dissipation occurs.

(10 Marks)

c. Write three merits of RC phase shift oscillator.

(03 Marks)

Module-5

9 a. For the FET amplifier shown in Fig. Q9 (a), calculate  $Z_i$ ,  $Z_O$  and  $A_V$ . Also calculate  $Z_i$ ,  $Z_O$  and  $A_V$ , neglecting the effect of  $r_d$  and compare the results. Take  $I_{DSS} = 15$  mA,  $V_P = -6V$ ,  $y_{OS} = 25 \mu S$ . (10 Marks)

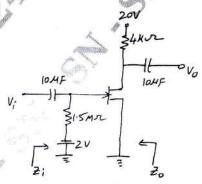
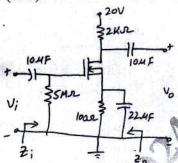


Fig. Q9 (a)

b. Draw the circuit symbol and small signal ac model of D-MOSFET and E-MOSFET. Also derive the expression for transconductance g<sub>m</sub> for both the MOSFET's. (10 Marks)

OR

a. For the circuit shown in Fig. Q10 (a), calculate Z,  $Z_{\rm O}$  and  $A_{\rm V}$ . Also find  $V_{\rm 0}$  if 10 (10 Marks)  $V_i = 1 \text{ mV(rms)}.$ 



Take  $I_{DSS} = 12 \text{ mA}$ ,  $V_P = -3.5 \text{ V}$  $V_{GSQ} = -0.75 \text{ V},$   $r_d = 50 \text{ K}\Omega$ 

Fig. Q10 (a)

b. Explain the working and construction of JFET in detail and draw its transfer characteristics (10 Marks) and drain characteristics.