



## Third Semester B.E. Degree Examination, June/July 2023 **Additional Mathematics - I**

Time: 3 hrs. Max. Marks: 100

Note: Answer any FIVE full questions, choosing ONE full question from each module.

Express the complex number  $\frac{(3+i)(1-3i)}{2+i}$  in the form x + iy. Also find its magnitude.

(06 Marks)

b. Find the cube roots of  $\ell$  - i and represent them in an argand plane.

(07 Marks)

c. If  $\vec{a} = 2\hat{i} + 3\hat{j} - 4\hat{k}$  and  $\vec{b} = 8\hat{i} - 4\hat{j} + \hat{k}$  then show that  $\vec{a}$  is perpendicular to  $\vec{b}$ , also find  $|\vec{a} \times \vec{b}|$ . (07 Marks)

a. Find the modulus and amplitude of  $1 - \cos \alpha + i \sin \alpha$ .

(06 Marks)

b. If  $\vec{a} = \hat{i} + \hat{j} - \hat{k}$ ;  $\vec{b} = 2\hat{i} - \hat{j} + 2\hat{k}$  and  $\vec{c} = 3\hat{i} - \hat{j} - \hat{k}$ , find

i)  $\vec{a} \cdot (\vec{b} \times \vec{c})$  ii)  $\vec{b} \times (\vec{a} \times \vec{c})$ .

(07 Marks)

c. Prove that  $[\vec{a} \times \vec{b}, \vec{b} \times \vec{c}, \vec{c} \times \vec{a}] = [\vec{a} \ \vec{b} \ \vec{c}]^2$ .

(07 Marks)

a. Using Maclaurin's series, prove that  $\sqrt{1+\sin 2x} = 1+x-\frac{x^2}{2}-\frac{x^3}{6}+\frac{x^4}{24}-\frac{x^4}{24}$ (06 Marks)

b. If  $u = \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{x^3 + y^3}{x - y}\right)$ , prove that  $x\frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + y\frac{\partial u}{\partial y} = \sin 2u$ .

(07 Marks)

c. If u = 1 - x, v = x(1-y), w = xy(1-z), find  $\frac{\partial(u, v, w)}{\partial(x, y, z)}$ 

(07 Marks)

OR

a. Obtain the Maclaurin's expansion of the function  $log(1 + e^x)$ .

(06 Marks)

b. If u = f(x-y, y-z, z-x), Prove that  $\frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} + \frac{\partial u}{\partial z} = 0$ .

(07 Marks)

c. If u = x + y + z, w = y + z, z = uvw, find  $\frac{\partial(x, y, z)}{\partial(u, v, w)}$ .

(07 Marks)

A particle moves along a curve C with parametric equations  $x = t - \frac{t^3}{3}$ ,  $y = t^2$  and  $z = t + \frac{t^3}{2}$ , where t is the time. Find the velocity and acceleration and any time t and also find their magnitudes at t = 3. (06 Marks)

b. Find div  $\vec{F}$  and Curl  $\vec{F}$ , where  $\vec{F} = \nabla (x^3 + y^3 + z^3 - 3xyz)$ .

Find the directional derivative of  $\phi = x^2 yz^3$  at (1, 1, 1) in the direction of  $\hat{i} + \hat{j} + 2\hat{k}$ .

(07 Marks)

(07 Marks)

- a. Show that the vector field  $\vec{F} = yz\hat{i} + xz\hat{j} + xy\hat{k}$  is solenoidal vector field. (06 Marks)
  - b. If  $\vec{F} = (x + y + 1) \hat{i} + \hat{j} (x + y) \hat{k}$ , show that  $\vec{F}$  curl  $\vec{F} = 0$ . (07 Marks)
  - c. Find the constants a, b, c such that  $\vec{F} = (x + y + az) \hat{i} + (x + cy + 2z) \hat{k} + (bx + 2y z) \hat{j}$  is (07 Marks) irrotational.

Module-4

- Obtain the Reduction formula for  $\cos^n x \, dx$ . (06 Marks)
  - b. Evaluate  $\int_{0}^{1} \int_{x}^{\sqrt{x}} (x^2 + y^2) dy dx.$ (07 Marks)
  - c. Evaluate  $\iint_{0}^{1} \iint_{0}^{1} (x + y + z) dx dy dz.$ (07 Marks)

- (06 Marks)
  - b. Evaluate  $\int \int \int e^{x+y+z} dx dy dz$ (07 Marks)
  - Obtain the Reduction formula ∫ sin m x cos x dx (07 Marks)

- a. Solve :  $(x^2 + y) dx + (y^3 + x) dy = 0$ . (06 Marks)
  - b. Solve:  $x \log x \frac{dy}{dx} + y = 2 \log x$ . (07 Marks)
  - (07 Marks)

- a. Solve:  $y e^{y} dx = (y^{3} + 2x e^{y}) dy$ . b. Solve:  $(x^{2} y^{2}) dx = 2xy dy$ . (06 Marks) (07 Marks)
- c. Solve:  $[1 + (x + y) \tan y] \frac{dy}{dx} + 1 = 0$ (07 Marks)