

# CBCS SCHEME

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18MATDIP31

## Third Semester B.E. Degree Examination, Jan./Feb. 2023

### Additional Mathematics – I

Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks: 100

*Note: Answer any FIVE full questions, choosing ONE full question from each module.*

#### Module-1

1. a. Express the complex number  $\frac{5+5i}{3-4i}$  in the form  $x + iy$ . (06 Marks)
- b. Find the amplitude and modulus of the complex number  $\frac{4+2i}{2-3i}$  (07 Marks)
- c. Prove that  $(1 + \cos\theta + i\sin\theta)^n + (1 + \cos\theta - i\sin\theta)^n = 2^{n+1} \cdot \cos^n \frac{\theta}{2} \cos\left(\frac{n\theta}{2}\right)$  (07 Marks)

**OR**

2. a. Show that the points A(-1, 4, -3), B(3, 2, -5), C(-3, 8, -5) and D(-3, 2, 1) are coplanar. (06 Marks)
- b. Find the cube roots of  $1 - i$  (07 Marks)
- c. Find the sine of the angle between  $\vec{a} = 4\hat{i} - \hat{j} + 3\hat{k}$  and  $\vec{b} = -2\hat{i} + \hat{j} - 2\hat{k}$ . (07 Marks)

#### Module-2

3. a. Prove that  $\sqrt{1+\sin 2x} = 1+x - \frac{x^2}{2} - \frac{x^3}{6} + \frac{x^4}{24} + \dots$  by using Maclaurin's series. (06 Marks)
- b. If  $u = f\left(\frac{x}{y}, \frac{y}{z}, \frac{z}{x}\right)$  prove that  $x \cdot \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + y \cdot \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} + z \cdot \frac{\partial u}{\partial z} = 0$  (07 Marks)
- c. If  $u = \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{x^3 y^3}{x^3 + y^3}\right)$  prove that  $x \cdot \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + y \cdot \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} = \frac{3}{2} \sin 2u$ . (07 Marks)

**OR**

4. a. Obtain the Maclaurin's series expansion of  $e^x$ . (06 Marks)
- b. If  $u = e^{x^3+y^3}$  prove that  $x \cdot \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + y \cdot \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} = 3u \log u$  (07 Marks)
- c. If  $u = x - y$  and  $v = \frac{1}{x-y}$ , find  $\frac{\partial(u,v)}{\partial(x,y)}$  (07 Marks)

#### Module-3

5. a. Find the directional derivative of  $x^2yz^3$  at  $(1, 1, 1)$  in the direction of  $\hat{i} + \hat{j} + 2\hat{k}$ . (06 Marks)
- b. A particle moves along a curve  $x = e^{-t}$ ,  $y = 2\cos 3t$ ,  $z = 2 \sin 3t$ , where  $t$  is the time. Determine the component of velocity and acceleration at  $t = 0$  in the direction of  $\hat{i} + \hat{j} + \hat{k}$ . (07 Marks)
- c. Find the angle between the tangents to the curve  $x = t^2$ ,  $y = t^3$ ,  $z = t^4$  at  $t = 2$  and  $t = 3$ . (07 Marks)

Important Note : 1. On completing your answers, compulsorily draw diagonal cross lines on the remaining blank pages.  
 2. Any revealing of identification, appeal to evaluator and / or equations written eg,  $42+8=50$ , will be treated as malpractice.

OR

- 6 a. Find  $\operatorname{div} \vec{F}$  and  $\operatorname{curl} \vec{F}$  where  $\vec{F} = \nabla(xy + yz + zx)$  (06 Marks)  
 b. Find the constants  $a, b, c$  such that the vector  
 $\vec{F} = (x + y + az)\hat{i} + (x + cy + 2z)\hat{k} + (bx + 2y - z)\hat{j}$  is irrotational. (07 Marks)  
 c. If  $\vec{F} = 2x^2\hat{i} - 3yz\hat{j} + xz^2\hat{k}$  and  $\phi = 2z - x^3y$ , find  $\vec{F} \cdot (\nabla \phi)$  and  $\vec{F} \times (\nabla \phi)$  at  $(1, -1, 1)$ . (07 Marks)

Module-4

- 7 a. Find the reduction formula for  $\int \cos^n x dx : n > 0$  (06 Marks)  
 b. Evaluate  $\int_0^a \frac{x^4}{\sqrt{a^2 - x^2}} dx$  (07 Marks)  
 c. Evaluate  $\int_0^1 \int_{x^2}^x (x^2 + 3y + 2) dy dx$  (07 Marks)

OR

- 8 a. Find the reduction formula for  $\int \sin^n x dx : n > 0$  (06 Marks)  
 b. Evaluate  $\int_0^a x \cos^6 x dx$  (07 Marks)  
 c. Evaluate  $\int_0^a \int_0^a \int_0^a e^{x+y+z} dx dy dz$  (07 Marks)

Module-5

- 9 a. Solve:  $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{y + y^2 x}{x}$  (06 Marks)  
 b. Solve  $y \sin 2x dx - (1 + y + \cos^2 x) dy = 0$  (07 Marks)  
 c. Solve  $x \frac{dy}{dx} + y = x^3 y^6$  (07 Marks)

OR

- 10 a. Solve  $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{x^2 - 2xy}{x^2 - \sin y}$  (06 Marks)  
 b. Solve  $dx + x dy = e^{-y} \cdot \sec y dy$  (07 Marks)  
 c. Solve  $3x(x + y^2)dy + (x^3 - 3xy - 2y^3)dx = 0$  (07 Marks)

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