MAXE-UP EXAM

USN	BPHYS102/20
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First/Second Semester B.E./B.Tech. Degree Examination, Nov./Dec. 2023 Applied Physics for CSE Stream

Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks: 100

Note: 1. Answer any FIVE full questions, choosing ONE full question from each module.

2. VTU Formula Hand Book is permitted.

3. M: Marks, L: Bloom's level, C: Course outcomes.

4. Physical constants: Plank's constant, $h = 6.625 \times 10^{-34}$ J-S; Speed of light, $c = 3 \times 10^8$ ms⁻¹; Mass of electron, $m = 9.1 \times 10^{-31}$ kg; Charge of electron, $e = 1.6 \times 10^{-19}$ C; Boltzmann constant, $k = 1.38 \times 10^{-23}$ JK⁻¹; Acceleration due to gravity, g = 9.8 ms⁻².

		No.	7.	T	<u>C</u>
		Module – 1	M	L	C
Q.1	a.	Obtain the expression for energy density of radiation under thermal equilibrium condition interms of Einstein's co-efficient.	09	L2	CO1
	b.	Explain the different types of optical fibers with suitable diagrams.	06	L2	CO ₁
	c.	An optical fiber of length 2 km has input power of 200 mW, which emerges	05	L3	CO ₁
		out with power of 160 mW. Calculate the attenuation co-efficient of the fiber.			
	1	OR A		т	
Q.2	a.	Describe the construction, principle and working of a semiconductor LASER with neat diagrams.	07	L2	CO1
,	b.	Define numerical aperture and acceptance angle. Obtain an expression for numerical aperture interms of refractive indices of core, cladding and surrounding medium.	08	L2	CO1
	c.	In diffraction grating experiment the LASER light undergoes first order diffraction with diffracting angle 23.86° . The grating constant is 1.66×10^{-6} m ⁻¹ . Calculate the wavelength of LASER source.	05	L3	CO5
		Module – 2			
Q.3	a.	State Heisenberg's uncertainty principle. Using this principle, prove that the electron does not exists inside the nucleus.	08	L2	CO2
	b.	Set up one dimensional time-independent Schrodinger wave equation.	08	L2	CO ₂
	c.	An electron is bound in one dimensional infinite potential well of width	04	L3	CO ₂
	C.	0.12 nm. Find the energy value and de-Broglie wavelength in first excited level.			
		OR			
Q.4	a.	State and explain de-Broglie's hypothesis and derive the expression for de-Broglie wavelength by analogy.		L2	CO2
	b.	Derive the expression for energy eigen functions and eigen values for a particle in one dimensional infinite potential well.	10	L2	CO2
	c.	Estimate the potential difference through which an electron is needed to be	04	L3	CO2
		accelerated so that its de-Broglie wavelength becomes equal to 20 A.		<u> </u>	
		Module – 3	0.0	12	COS
Q.5	a.	Define single and two qubits. Explain the block sphere representation of qubit.		L2	CO2
	b.	1 1 NOT - (CNOT cota) with four different input	08	L2	CO2
		states with the truth table.		TA	COA
	c.	Show that S - gate can be formed by connecting two T - gates in series.	04	L3	CO ₂
		OR			

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Q.6	a.	Mention the Pauli's matrices. Discuss the operations of Pauli's matrices on	10	L2	CO ₂
۷.0	a.	$ 0\rangle$ and $ 1\rangle$ states.			
	b.	Explain the operations of phase gate $[S - gate]$ with $[0 > and 1 > states]$	06	L2	CO ₂
	D.	with truth table. Mention its matrix representation.		9	
	c.	A linear operator X operates such that $X \mid 0 > = 1 > $ and $X \mid 1 > = 0 >$.	04	L3	CO ₂
		Find the matrix representation of the operator X.			2.1521
		Module – 4			
Q.7	a.	What is Meissner effect? Explain Type I [Soft] and Type II [Hard] super	08	L2	CO ₃
		conductors.			
	b.	What is Fermi factor? Discuss the variation of Fermi factor with	08	L2	CO ₃
	~	temperature and energy.			
	c.	Superconducting tin has a critical magnetic field of 0.0217 T at 2K. If the	04	L3	CO ₃
		critical temperature for superconducting transition for tin is 3.7K, find the			
		critical magnetic field at 3K.			
		OR			
Q.8	a.	Define critical temperature and critical magnetic field. Explain briefly BCS	08	L2	CO3
		theory of superconductivity.			
	b.	Enumerate the failures of classical free electron theory and mention the	08	L2	CO3
		assumptions of quantum free electron theory.			600
	c.	The Fermi level in potassium is 2.1 eV. What is the energy of the energy	04	L3	CO3
		level for which the probability of occupation at 300 K is 0.98?			<u> </u>
		Module – 5			604
Q.9	a.	Explain the odd rule with odd rule multipliers with suitable examples.	08	L2	CO4
	b.	Explain Poisson distribution and probability mass function with example.	07		CO4
	c.	In case of animating a jump, the push height is 0.5m and jump	05	L3	CO4
		magnification is 5. Calculate the jump height and push acceleration.			
		OR	00	TA	CO.4
Q.10	a.	Discuss slow in and slow out with neat diagrams.	08	L2	CO4
	b.	Write a note on Monte-Carlo method and discuss the determination of the	07	L2	CO4
		value of π using Monte-Carlo method.	0.5	12	COF
	c.	In an optical fiber experiment the LASER light propagating through optical	05	L3	CO5
		made a spot diameter of 21 mm on the screen. When the distance between			
		the end of the fiber and the screen is 31 mm, calculate the acceptance angle			
		and numerical aperture.			

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