18MAT21

Second Semester B.E. Degree Examination, Dec.2023/Jan.2024 **Advanced Calculus and Numerical Methods**

Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks: 100

Note: Answer any FIVE full questions, choosing ONE full question from each module.

Find grade ' ϕ ' when ϕ is given by $\phi = \frac{\text{Module-1}}{3x^2y - y^3z^2}$ at the point (1, -2, -1).

A vector field is given by $\vec{A} = (x^2 + xy^2) \hat{i} + (y^2 + x^2y)j$. Show that the field is irrotational.

Find the angle between the surfaces $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 9$ and $z = x^2 + y^2 - 3$ at (2, -1, 2). (07 Marks)

Verify Green's theorem in the plane for $\oint (xy + y^2)dx + x^2dy$, where C is the closed curve 2

bounded by y = x and $y = x^2$. b. Evaluate by Stokes theorem $\oint_C yzd_x + zxd_y + xyd_z$, where C is the curve $x^2 + y^2 = 1$, $z = y^2$.

c. Using the divergence theorem, evaluate $\iint_{S} \vec{F} \cdot \hat{n} \, ds$, where $\vec{F} = x^3 \hat{i} + y^3 \hat{j} + z^3 \hat{k}$ and S is the surface of the sphere $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = a^2$. (07 Marks)

Module-2

a. Solve $\frac{d^3y}{dx^3} + y = 0$.

(06 Marks)

b. Solve $y'' - 4y' + 13y = \cos 2x$.

(07 Marks)

c. Solve $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + y = \tan x$ by the method of variation or parameters.

(07 Marks)

(06 Marks)

a. Solve $x^2y'' - xy' - xy' + 2y = x$ by Cauchy method. b. Solve $(2x + 1)^2 y'' - 2(2x + 1)y' - 12y = 6x$ by Lagendre's method.

(07 Marks)

c. A particle moves along the x – axis according to the law $\frac{d^2x}{dt^2} + 6 \frac{dx}{dt} + 25x = 0$. If the particle is started at x = 0 with an initial velocity of 12 ft/sec to the left, determine nets.

(07 Marks)

Module-3

Form partial differential equation by eliminating the arbitrary constants 'a' & 'b'. (06 Marks) $z = ax^2 + by^2.$

b. Form partial differential equation by eliminating the arbitrary function 'f'. $z = x^n f(\frac{y}{x})$ (07 Marks)

c. Solve $\frac{\partial^3 z}{\partial x^2 \partial y} = \sin(2x + 3y)$.

(07 Marks)

OR

6 a. Solve $\frac{\partial^3 z}{\partial x^2} + 4z = 0$. Given that when x = 0, $z = e^{2y}$ and $\frac{\partial z}{\partial x} = 2$. (06 Marks)

b. Solve $p \cot x + q \cot y = \cot z$.

(07 Marks)

c. Find solution of one - dimensional heat equation:

$$\frac{\partial \mathbf{u}}{\partial t} = \mathbf{c}^2 \cdot \frac{\partial^2 \mathbf{y}}{\partial \mathbf{x}^2}.$$
 (07 Marks)

Module-4

7 a. Discuss the convergence of $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(n+1)^n x^n}{n^{n+1}}$. (06 Marks)

b. Test for convergence of the series $\frac{1^2}{2} + \frac{2^2}{2^2} + \frac{3^2}{2^3} + \frac{4^2}{2^4} + \dots$ (07 Marks)

c. Test the positive series $+=1+2+3+\ldots+n$. (07 Marks)

OR

8 a. Solve Bessel's differential equation leading to $J_n(x)$. (06 Marks)

b. Express the polynomial $f(x) = 4x^3 - 2x^2 - 3x + 8$ in terms of Legendre polynomials.

(07 Marks)

c. Using Rodrigues's formula, obtain expressions for $P_0(x)$, $P_1(x)$, $P_2(x)$, $P_3(x)$. (07 Marks)

(07 Marks)

Module-5

9 a. Using Newton's forward interpolation formula, find y at x = 8 from the following table:

x :	0	5	10	15 20		25
y:	7	11	14	18	24	32

(06 Marks)

b. Using Newton's divided difference formula, evaluate f(8) and f(15), given

x:	4	5 7	10	11 13
f (x):	48	100 294	900	1210 2028

(07 Marks)

c. Find a real root of the equation $f(x) = x^3 - 2x - 5 = 0$ by Regula Falsi method correct to three decimal places. (07 Marks)

OR

10 a. Evaluate $\int_0^6 \frac{dx}{1+x^2}$ by using Weddle's Rule. (06 Marks)

b. Evaluate $\int_{2}^{8} \log_{10}^{x} dx$ taking 6 subintervals correct to four decimal places by Simpson's

 $(3/8)^{m}$ rule. (07 Marks) Use Newton – Raphson method to find a real root of the equation $x e^{x} - 2 = 0$ correct to

c. Use Newton – Raphson method to find a real root of the equation $x e^x - 2 = 0$ correct to three decimal places. (07 Marks)