USN

18EC61

Sixth Semester B.E. Degree Examination, June/July 2024 Digital Communication

CBCS SCHEME

Time: 3 hrs.

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Max. Marks: 100

Note: Answer any FIVE full questions, choosing ONE full question from each module.

Module-1

- a. Define Hilbert transform, list the properties and applications of Hilbert transform. (06 Marks)b. Define pre-envelope of real valued signal. Given a band pass signal statement, sketch the
 - amplitude spectra of signal statement, pre-envelope statement and complex envelope $\tilde{s}(t)$. (06 Marks)
- c. Explain the time domain procedure for complex presentation of bandpass signals and system. (08 Marks)

OR

- 2 a. Obtain the canonical representation of band pass signals. (07 Marks)
 - b. What is line coding? For the binary stream 0110011 sketch the following line codes :
 - i) unipolar NRz
 - ii) polar MRz
 - iii) unipolar Rz
 - iv) bipolar Rz
 - v) Manchester.

(06 Marks)

c. Derive the expression for complex low pass representation of band pass systems. (07 Marks)

Module-2

- 3 a. Explain the geometric representation of signals. Show that energy of signal is equal to the squared length of the vector representing it. (07 Marks)
 - b. Explain with a neat diagram and necessary equations the matched filter receiver. (07 Marks)
 - c. Explain the operation of correlation receiver with relevant diagrams. (06 Marks)

OR

- a. Derive the expression for mean and variance of the correlator outputs. Also show that the correlator outputs are statistically independent. (10 Marks)
 - b. i) Using the Gram-Schemidt orthogonalization procedure, find a set of orthogonal basis functions to represent the three signals S₁(t), S₂(t) and S₃(t) as shown in Fig.Q4(b)(i)
 - ii) Express each of these signals in terms of set of basis functions found on part(i).

Study $1 \rightarrow t$ -2 -3Fig.Q4(b)(i) $3 \rightarrow 52$ lt $1 \rightarrow 2 \rightarrow 2$ -2 -3 -4Fig.Q4(b)(i)

(10 Marks)

1 of 2

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Module-3

5	a.	Explain BPSK system with the help of	transmitter and 1	receiver. Also	derive	the expression
		for probability of error of binary PSK.	e Vy			(10 Marks)
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- b. Explain with a neat block diagram generation and detection QPSK signals. (06 Marks)
- c. Draw the signal-space diagram of M-ary QAM for M = 16. (04 Marks)

OR

- 6 a. Explain binary FSK. With a neat block diagram, describe a scheme for generating FSK signals. (10 Marks)
 - b. Explain with a neat diagram, generation and detection of DPSK signal. (10 Marks)

Module-4

7 a. What is ISI? Obtain the expression of output of a filter with inter-symbol interference.

(08 Marks) b. What are adaptive equilizers? Explain linear adaptive equalizer based on MSE criterion.

> (08 Marks) (04 Marks)

c. Write a note on eye diagram.

OR

- 8 a. Explain the design of band limited signals with controlled ISI. (10 Marks)
 - b. With a neat diagram, explain the concept of linear traversal filter. (06 Marks)
 - c. For the binary data sequence $\{d_n\}$ given as 111010010001101 determine the precoded sequence $\{i_n\}$, the transmitted sequence $\{a_n\}$, the received sequence $\{b_n\}$ and decoded sequence $\{d_n\}$. (04 Marks)

Module-5

- 9 a. Explain the generation and demodulation of DS spread spectrum signal. (08 Marks)
 - b. Explain with a neat block diagram, FH spread spectrum system. (06 Marks)
 - c. Mention the applications of DSSS and explain any one in detail. (06 Marks)

OR

- 10 a. With a neat diagram, explain the generation of PN sequence and state properties of ML sequences. (08 Marks)
 - b. Explain with a neat block diagram IS = 95 forward link. (07 Marks)
 - c. Explain the effect of dispreading on narrow band interference in DSSS system. (05 Marks)