

# Fourth Semester B.E. Degree Examination, June/July 2024 Analog Circuits

Time: 3 hrs.

1

2

Max. Marks: 100

(04 Marks)

# Note: Answer any FIVE full questions, choosing ONE full question from each module.

## Module-1

- a. Explain the design concept of common emitter collector to Base feedback resistor biasing circuit and explain how collector to base feedback resistor provides a negative feedback in the circuit. (07 Marks)
- b. Considering the conceptual circuit of common source MOSFET amplifier, derive the expression for transconductance  $g_m$  and voltage gain  $A_V$ . (08 Marks)
- c. For common emitter voltage divider circuit having  $\beta = 100$ ,  $R_1 = 10 \text{ K}\Omega$ ,  $R_2 = 5 \text{ K}\Omega$ ,  $R_C = 1 \text{ K}\Omega$  and  $R_E = 500 \Omega$  is provided with DC biasing voltage  $V_{CC} = 10 \text{ V}$ , Calculate  $V_{CE}$  and  $I_C$ . (05 Marks)

#### OR

- a. Derive an expression for small signal collector current, transconductance  $g_m$  and voltage gain A<sub>V</sub> in BJT, when small signal V<sub>bc</sub> is applied between base and emitter. (10 Marks)
  - b. Design voltage divider bias circuit using MOSFET to establish  $I_D = 0.5$  mA and MOSFET

parameter are  $V_t = 1$  V and  $K'_n \left(\frac{\omega}{L}\right) = 0.5$  mA/V<sup>2</sup>. Assume  $V_{DD} = 15$  V. (10 Marks)

## Module-2

- 3 a. Explain Three basic configurations of MOSFET amplifier and derive expression for characteristic parameter of amplifiers. (08 Marks)
  - b. Briefly explain the Barkhausen criteria for oscillation.
  - c. For an n-channel MOSFET with  $t_{ox} = 10$  nm,  $L = 1 \mu m$ ,  $W = 10 \mu m$ ,  $L_{ov} = 0.05 \mu m$ ,  $C_{Sbo} = C_{dbo} = 10$  fF,  $V_O = 0.6$  V,  $V_{SB} = 1$  V,  $V_{DS} = 2$  V. Calculate the following capacitance when the transistor is operating in saturation, (i)  $C_{OX}$  (ii)  $C_{OV}$  (iii)  $C_{gs}$  (iv)  $C_{gd}$  (v)  $C_{sb}$  and  $C_{db}$ .

(i)  $C_{OX}$  (ii)  $C_{OV}$  (iii)  $C_{gs}$  (iv)  $C_{gd}$  (v)  $C_{sb}$  and  $C_{db}$ . Consider  $\epsilon_{ox} = 3.45 \times 10^{-11}$  (08 Marks)

#### OR

- 4 a. Explain the working of RC phase shift oscillator and show how RC network provides 180° of phase shift. (08 Marks)
  - b. In a transistor Calpitts oscillator  $C_1 = 1$  nF and  $C_2 = 1000$  nF. Find the value of L for a frequency of 100 kHz. (04 Marks)
  - c. Explain the High frequency response of common source MOSFET amplifier with its equivalent circuit. (08 Marks)

1 of 2

# Module-3

- Explain the effect of negative feedback on input and output resistance of voltage series 5 a. (10 Marks) feedback amplifier.
  - b. Explain transformer coupled Class A power amplifier and show that the maximum efficiency of transformer coupled Class A power amplifier is 50%. (10 Marks)

### OR

- Draw the block diagram of four types of feedback topologies and compare them with respect 6 a. (10 Marks) to input and output resistance.
  - b. Compare Class B pushpull and complementary symmetry power amplifiers. (04 Marks)
  - c. In a Class B push pull amplifier operating with  $V_{CC} = 25V$  provides a 22 V peak signal to an 8  $\Omega$  load. Find (iii) input power (ii) dc current drawn from the supply (i) Peak load current
    - (iv) Output current efficiency (v) power dissipation (06 Marks)

## Module-4

7

10

(06 Marks)

- State the ideal op-amp characteristics. a. Design a linear combination circuit using op-amp to obtain output  $V_0 = -2V_1-8V_2-V_3$  with b.  $R_{fn} \geq 20\,k\Omega$  at all the inputs and all the resistances  $\leq 200\,k\Omega$ (04 Marks)
- Draw the circuit of 3 op-amp instrumentation amplifier and derive the expression for its C. (10 Marks) output voltage.

## OR

- Explain the working of voltage follower using op-amp and show that its gain is unity. State 8 a. (06 Marks) its advantages.
  - (06 Marks) b. Explain the working of zero crossing detectors.
  - Design an inverting Schmitt trigger to have trigger voltages of  $\pm 4V$  using op-amp 741 with C. (08 Marks) supply of  $\pm 15$ V. Consider  $I_{B(max)} = 500$  nA.

# Module-5

- With neat circuit diagram, explain the operation of R-2R D/A converter. (10 Marks) 9 a. (06 Marks)
  - Explain the working of pulse width modulation circuit using 555 IC.
  - b. Design a low pass filter using op-amp at a cut off frequency of 1 kHz with pass gain of 2 and C. (04 Marks) choose  $C = 0.01 \ \mu F$

#### OR

- Explain with neat circuit diagram the working of positive precision Half Wave Rectifier. a. (06 Marks)
- b. Design a monostable 555 timer circuit to produce an output pulse of 10 sec wide and draw (04 Marks) the circuit diagram. Choose  $C = 100 \ \mu F$ .
- Draw the circuit of second order low pass filter and explain its operation. (10 Marks) C.

2 of.2